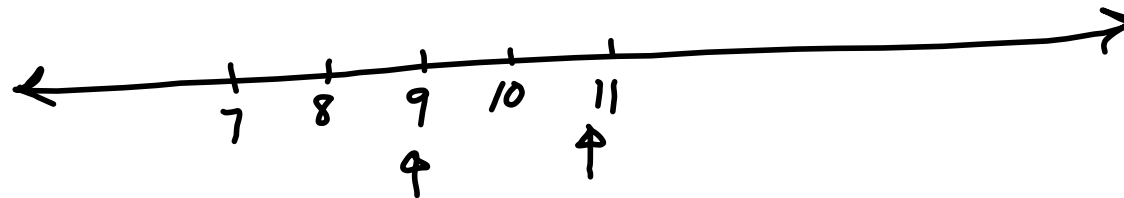


2.7 ⑪ The sum of three consecutive odd integers is 57. Find the integers

let x = the first odd integer
 $x+2$ = The 2nd odd integer
 $x+4$ = The 3rd odd integer



$$x + x + 2 + x + 4 = 57$$

$$3x + 6 = 57$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 6 = 57 \\ -6 \quad -6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{51}{3}$$

$$x = 17$$

$$x + 2 = 19$$

$$x + 4 = 21$$

The three odd integers are 17, 19, and 21.

15

8% x

9% \$2000 more

total interest = \$860

① let x = The amount invested at 8%

$x + 2000$ = the amt invested at 9%

	amt	rate	total interest
@ 8%	x	.08	$.08x$
@ 9%	$x + 2000$.09	$.09(x + 2000)$
total			860

② $[.08x + .09(x + 2000) = 860] \cdot 100$

$$8x + 9(x + 2000) = 86000$$

$$8x + 9x + 18000 = 86000$$

$$17x + 18000 = 86000$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17x + 18000 = 86000 \\ - 18000 \quad -18000 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{17x}{17} = \frac{68000}{17}$$

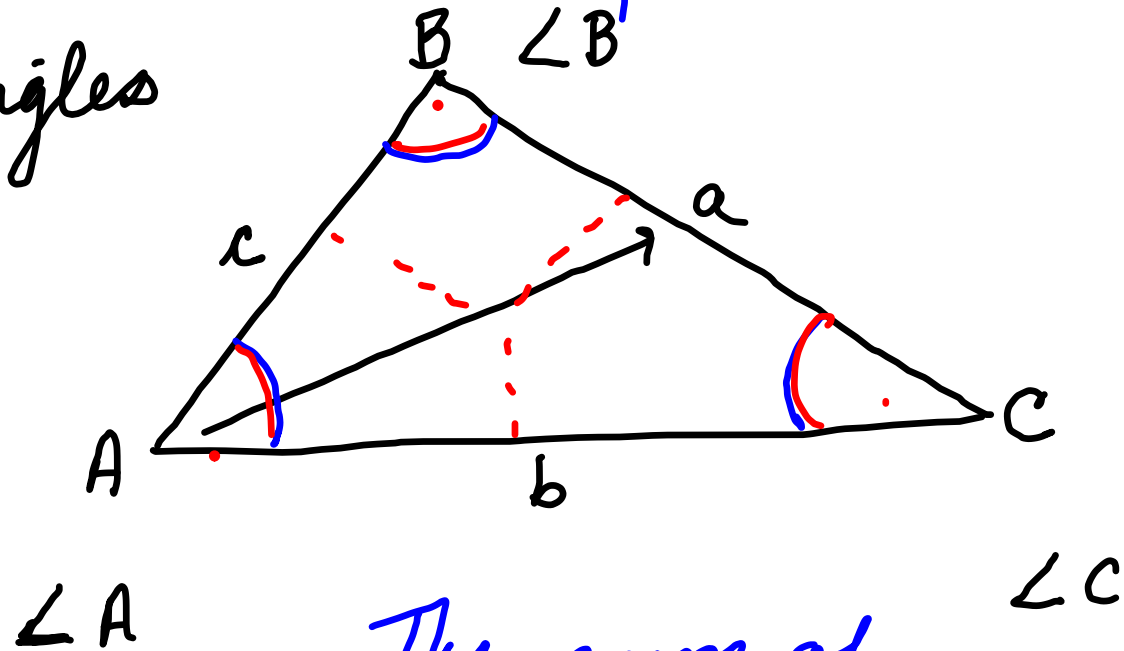
③ $x = 4000$

$$x + 2000 = 6000$$

④ I would have invested
\$4000 at 8% interest and
\$6000 at 9% interest.

Facts from Geometry

Triangles



The sum of
the interior angles of
a triangle is 180

#22
17 134

One angle in a triangle measures twice the smallest angle, while the largest angle is six times the smallest. Find the measures of all three angles.

let x = The measure of the smallest angle

$2x$ = The measure of the next angle

$6x$ = The measure of the largest angle

$$x + 2x + 6x = 180$$

$$\frac{9x}{9} = \frac{180}{9}$$

$$x = 20$$

$$2x = 40$$

$$6x = 120$$

The three angles measure 20° , 40° , and 120° .

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pg 135

let x = the measure of the smallest angle

$x+50$ = The measure of 2nd angle

$3x$ = the measure of the 3rd angle

$$x + x + 50 + 3x = 180$$

$$5x + 50 = 180$$
$$\underline{-50 \quad -50}$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{130}{5}$$

$$x = 26$$

$$x + 50 = 76$$

$$3x = 78$$

$$\underline{\quad\quad\quad}$$
$$180$$

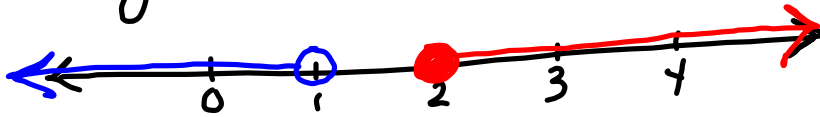
The three angles measure 26° , 76° , and 78° .

2.8

Linear Inequalities

* $x < 1$

* $x \geq 2$



The addition property of inequalities
For any algebraic expressions
 A , B and C

if $A < B$

$A + C < B + C$

{

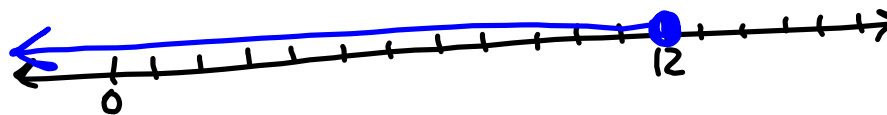
(ex)

$$\begin{array}{r} a - 4 \leq 8 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline a \leq 12 \end{array}$$

set builder notation
 $\{a \mid a \leq 12\}$

interval notation
 $(-\infty, 12]$

graph



The Multiplication Property for Inequalities

A, B and C

If $C > 0$ i.e. C is positive

then if $A < B$

$$AC < BC$$

If $C < 0$ i.e. C is negative

if $A < B$

$$\text{Then } AC > BC$$

ex

$$(2) 5 > 2 \quad (2)$$

$$10 > 4$$

true

$$(-2) 5 > 2 \quad (-2)$$

$$-10 > -4$$

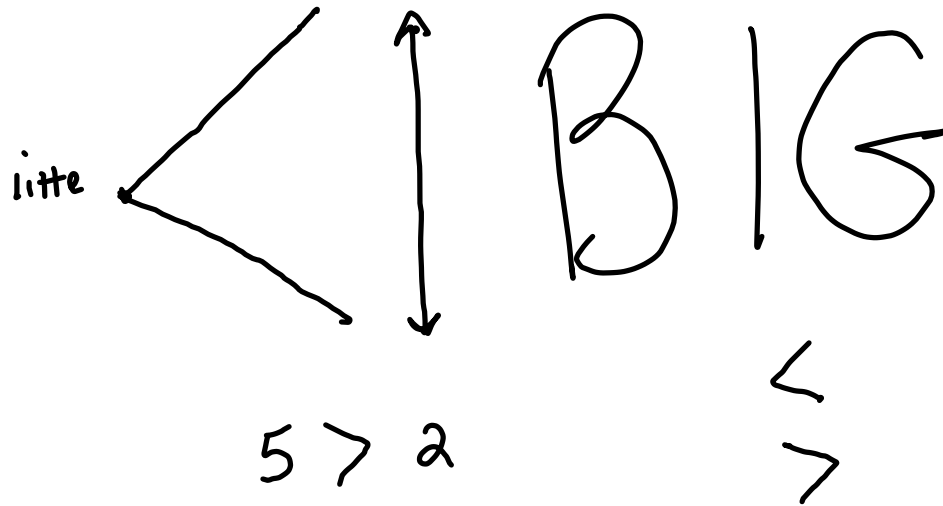
No, false

$$\begin{matrix} & & 2 & & & & & & & & 1 \\ & & (\cancel{4}) & & & & & & & & (\cancel{4}) \\ & & \frac{1}{\cancel{2}} & > & \frac{1}{\cancel{4}} & & & & & & \end{matrix}$$

$$2 > 1$$

$$\begin{matrix} & & 2 & & & & & & & & \\ & & (\cancel{-4}) & & & & & & & & \\ & & \frac{1}{\cancel{2}} & > & \frac{1}{\cancel{4}} & & & & & & \\ & & -2 & < & -1 & & & & & & \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{oo } -10 < -4$$



$$\text{Solve } 100 [2.5x - 3.48 < -4.9x + 2.07]$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 250x - 348 < -490x + 207 \\ +490x + 348 \quad \quad +490x + 348 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 250x < -490x + 555 \\ +490x \quad \quad +490x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 740x < \frac{555}{740} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x < .75$$

Graph

